

## CHAPTER - 1 and 2

1. The land mass of India has an area of

- a) 3.28 million sq. km.
- b) 3.18 million sq. km.
- c) 3.78 million sq. km.
- d) 3.48 million sq. km.

2. The value of standard meridian of India is

- a) 80° 30' East
- b) 80° 32' East
- c) 82° 30' East
- d) 82° 32' East

3. In which direction of India is Myanmar is located?

- a) East
- b) West
- c) North
- d) South.

4. The water body between India and Sri Lanka is

- a) Cook Strait
- b) Palk Strait
- c) Malacca Strait
- d) Sunda Strait.

5. Andaman and Nicobar islands are situated in

- a) Bay of Bengal
- b) Arabian Sea
- c) Indian Ocean
- d) Red Sea

6. The Core of the Great Himalayas is made up of

- a) Sandstone
- b) Granite
- c) Shale
- d) Limestone

7. The part of the Himalayas lying between rivers Sutluj and Kali is known as

- a) Punjab Himalaya
- b) Kumaon Himalaya

c) Assam Himalaya                      d) Kashmir Himalaya

8. The densely populated physiographic division of India is

a) The Northern Plain                      b) The Peninsular Plateau

c) The Indian Desert                      d) The coastal Plains

9) The hills located to the south -east of the Eastern Ghats are

a) Maikal and Mahadev hills      b) Aravali hills

c) Javadi and Shevroy hills      d) Patkoi Lusai hills

10. The river of The Indian Desert is

a) Luni    b) Chambal

c) Sind    d) Kosi

11. Pitti Island is important for

a) Wildlife Sanctuary                      b) Bird Sanctuary

c) Active volcano                              d) Sand Dunes

12. The outermost range of the Himalaya is

a) Himadri                                      b) Himachal

c) Shiwalik                                      d) Purvanchal

13. A landmass bounded by sea on three sides is referred to as

a) Coast    b) Island

c) Peninsula                                      d) Doab

14. The southernmost part of the Western Coastal Plain is known as

a) Kannad                                      b) Konkan

c) Malabar                                      d) Coromandal

15. The wet, swampy and marshy region of the northern plain is known as

a) Bhabar    b) Terai

c) Bhangar    d) Khadar.

## **Project**

Prepare a power point presentation of 10 - 12 slides on any one of the following :

- a) The Himalayan mountain
- b) The Northern plain
- c) Significance of the Indian Ocean.