SARALA BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL



Birla Knowledge City, Mahilong, Ranchi CLASS-X (2020-21) Sub: HISTORY Assignment-3



Ch. Nationalism in India (Civil Disobedience Movement: How participants saw the Movement; Limits of the Movement; Sense of collective belonging)

- I. How participants saw the movement: a) Rich peasants- struggle against high revenue.
 - b)Poor peasants- demanded remittance of rent to landlords.
 - c)Business community- wanted protection against imports & fixed exchange ratio.
- d)Workers- very limited participation,protest was against low wages & poor working

conditions.

- e) Women- large-scale participation, saw service to the nation as sacred duty.
- **II. Limits of the movement:** a) Dalits- wanted reservation of seats & separate electorates; Poona Pact was signed between Dr.Ambedkar & Gandhiji which granted reserved constituencies but no separate electorate. Dalits largely stayed away.
- b) Muslims militant elements in both Hindu & Muslim communities created division between the two. Muslim League demanded separate electorate which was rejected by the Congress. Since the suspension of the Khilafat & Non Cooperation movement they had started moving away from the Congress.
- **III. Sense of collective belonging:** The use of history, fiction, art, folklore, songs, & symbols to promote nationalism in Indians, to make them feel that they belong to one nation.

Answer the following questions:

4. Draw the logo of 'Swachch Bharat Mission.'

- 1. Discuss the participation of different social groups in the Civil Disobedience movement.
- 2. Why did Dr. Ambedkar & Gandhiji clash at the Round Table Conference? State the terms of the Poona Pact.
- 3. Describe the cultural processes through which the sense of collective identity was created. (5 points)